

# **VICTOR KHANYE**

## **LOCAL MUNICIPALITY – PLAASLIKE MUNISIPALITEIT**

# VIREMENT POLICY 1st July 2022 – 30th June 2023

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Webster's New Millennium™ Dictionary of English defines "Virement" as "a regulated transfer or re-allocation of money from one account to another, especially public funds."
- 1.2 A virement represents a flexible mechanism to effect budgetary amendments within a municipal financial year.
- 1.3 Changing circumstances and priorities during a financial period may give rise to a need to virement (transfer) funds within or between approved Votes, as defined in the Municipal Finance Management Act 56 of 2003 (MFMA). The treatment of such instances may, however, be dependent on whether an adjustments budget is required or not.

#### 2. PURPOSE

- 2.1 The Chief Financial Officer has a statutory duty to ensure that adequate policies and procedures are in place to ensure an effective system of financial control. A municipality's virement policy and its underlying administrative process within the system of delegations is one of these controls.
- 2.2 Section 81(1)(d) of the MFMA states inter alia that "The chief financial officer of a municipality-...must advise senior managers and other senior officials in the exercise of powers and duties assigned to them in terms of section 78 or delegated to them in terms of section 79;..."
- 2.3 It is the responsibility of each Executive Director of each Directorate to which funds are allocated, to plan and conduct assigned operations so as not expend more funds than budgeted and to ensure that funds are utilised effectively and efficiently.
- 2.4 Section 78(1)(b) of the MFMA states inter alia that "Each senior manager of a municipality and each official of a municipality exercising financial

management responsibilities must take all reasonable steps within their respective areas of responsibility to ensure-...(b) that the financial and other resources of the municipality are utilised effectively, efficiently, economically and transparently;..."

- 2.5 This policy aims to provide guidelines to senior management in the use of virements as a mechanism in their day-to-day management of their budgets.
- 2.6 In addition it specifically aims to empower senior managers with an efficient financial – and budgetary system to ensure optimum service delivery within the current legislative framework of the MFMA and the City's system of delegations.

#### 3. DEFINITIONS

- 3.1 Accounting Officer (MFMA)
  - "- (a) in relation to a municipality, means the municipal official referred to in section 60; or..."
- 3.2 Approved Budget (MFMA)
  - " means an annual budget-
  - (a) approved by a municipal council; or
  - (b) approved by a provincial or the national executive following an intervention in terms of section 139 of the Constitution, and includes such an annual budget as revised by an adjustments budget in terms of section 28;"
- 3.3 Chief Financial Officer (MFMA)

"a person designated in terms of section 80(2)(a)"

- 3.4 Cost Centre
- 3.4.1 Cost centre is a cost collector which represents a logical point at which cost (expenditure) is collected and managed by a responsible cost centre owner.
- 3.5 Cost element
- 3.5.1 Cost elements distinguish between primary and secondary cost elements.
  Primary cost elements are expenditure items mainly generated outside the organization. Secondary cost elements are utilized to reallocate cost by means of assessments, internal billing or activity based recoveries.
- 3.6 Executive Director
- 3.6.1 Section 56 of the Systems Act states inter alia that: "Appointment of managers directly accountable to municipal managers (a) a municipal council, after consultation with the municipal manager, appoints a manager directly accountable to the municipal manager..."
- 3.7 Expenditure Category.Expenditure Category distinguishes between the following categoriesOperational Budget
- 3.7.1 Employee related cost
- 3.7.2 Remuneration of Councilors.
- 3.7.3 Contracted Services
- 3.7.4 Depreciation and Amortisation
- 3.7.5 Interest Dividends and Rent on Land
- 3.7.6 Inventory consumed
- 3.7.7 Operating leases
- 3.7.8 Operational cost
- 3.7.9 Transfers and Subsidies
- 3.8 Capital Budget
- 3.8.1 Acquisition of assets

- 3.9 Financial year
- 3.9.1 The 12 month period between 1 July and 30 June.
- 3.10 Vote (MFMA)
- 3.10.1 "(a) one of the main segments into which a budget of a municipality is divided for the appropriation of money for the different departments or functional areas of the municipality; and
  - (b) which specifies the total amount that is appropriated for the purposes of the department or functional area concerned."
- 3.10.2 In the terms of the Mscoa the votes of VKLM per is as allows for Virement vertically within the main functions.
- 3.11 Virement
- 3.11.1 The process of transferring an approved budgetary provision from one operating cost element or capital project to another within a vote during a municipal financial year and which results from changed circumstances from that which prevailed at the time of the previous budget adoption or as a result of changes to SCOA or SCOA implementation.

#### 4. MFMA REGULATION ON BUDGET VERSUS EXPENDITURE

- 4.1 The MFMA regulates as follows regarding the incurring of expenditure against budgetary provisions.
- 4.1.1 Section 15 Appropriation of funds for expenditure"A municipality may, except where otherwise provided in this Act, incur expenditure only-
- (a) in terms of an approved budget; and
- (b) within the limits of the amounts appropriated for the different votes in an approved budget."
- 4.1.2 Unauthorised Expenditure (MFMA Definition)

"in relation to a municipality, means any expenditure incurred by a municipality otherwise than in accordance with section 15 or 11(3), and includes-

- (a) overspending of the total amount appropriated in the municipality'sapproved budget;
- (b) overspending of the total amount appropriated for a vote in the approved budget;
- (c) expenditure from a vote unrelated to the department or functional area covered by the vote;
- (d) expenditure of money appropriated for a specific purpose, otherwise than for that specific purpose;
- (e) spending of an allocation referred to in paragraph (b), (c) or (d) of the definition of "allocation" otherwise than in accordance with any conditions of the allocation; or
- (f) a grant by the municipality otherwise than in accordance with this Act;"

## 4.1.3 Overspending (MFMA Definition)

- "(a) in relation to the budget of a municipality, means causing the operational or capital expenditure incurred by the municipality during a financial year to exceed the total amount appropriated in that year's budget for its operational or capital expenditure, as the case may be;
  - (b) in relation to a vote, means causing expenditure under the vote to exceed the amount appropriated for that vote; or
  - (c) in relation to expenditure under section 26, means causing expenditure under that section to exceed the limits allowed in subsection (5) of that section;"

4.1.4 Section 71(1)(g)(iii) states inter alia "(1) The accounting officer of a municipality must by no later than 10 working days after the end of each month submit to the mayor of the municipality and the relevant provincial treasury a statement in the prescribed format on the state of the municipality's budget reflecting the following particulars for that month and for the financial year up to the end of that month:...(g) when necessary, an explanation of...(iii) any remedial or corrective steps taken or to be taken to ensure that projected revenue and expenditure remain within the municipality's approved budget...."

#### 5. VIREMENT REQUIREMENTS

- 5.1 The Virement process represents the major mechanism to align and take corrective (financial / budgetary) action within a Directorate during a financial year.
- 5.2 In order for a "vote" (Directorate) to transfer funds from one cost element or capital project to another cost element or capital project, a saving has to be identified within the monetary limitations of the approved "giving" cost element or capital project allocations on the respective budgets.
- 5.3 Sufficient, (non-committed) budgetary provision should be available within the "giving" vote's cost element or project concerned to give effect to the budgetary transfer (virement). In addition, the transferring function must clearly indicate to which cost element or capital project the budget provision will be transferred to and provide a clear motivation for the transfer.
- 5.4 Any budgetary amendment of which the net impact will be a change to the total approved annual budget allocation and any other amendments not covered in this policy are to be considered for budgetary adoption via an adjustments budget (per MFMA Section 28).
- 5.5 In terms of Section 17 of the MFMA a municipality's budget is divided into an operating and capital budget and consequently no virements are permitted between Operating and Capital Budgets.
- 5.6 Virements are not permissible across, or between, votes.

- 5.7 Virements between Trading- and Rate-funded functions are not allowed, due to the differing impacts on respective tariff- or Rates-borne services' budgets, unless adopted via adjustment budgets (per MFMA Section 28).
- 5.8 Virement occurred as a result of changes to SCOA or SCOA implementation.

#### 6. OPERATING BUDGET VIREMENTS

- 6.1 Virement are not allowed to utilize special purpose budgetary allocations, adopted by Council as such and to which specific Council recommendations apply (e.g. budget strategy for growth in repairs and maintenance provisions) and which result from specific resolutions adopted when adopting the budget, as virement sources.
- 6.2 Sound motivations should be provided for all Virement, as provided for on proforma virement documentation.
- 6.3 Virement related to changes in SCOA or SCOA implementation are permitted.
- 6.4 Employee related cost
  - (a) Virement are allowed between cost elements of and only if these virement are within subjective category, subjective to the approval of the relevant Executive Director and the Chief Financial Officer.
  - (b) Virement within this category are allowed between elements, subjective to the approval of Chief Financial Officer and or Accounting Officer.
  - (c) Virement to and from this subjective expenditure category are allowed subject to the approval of the Chief Financial Officer.

### 7. CAPITAL BUDGET VIREMENTS

- 7.1 Only Virement which relate to projects approved as part of annual or adjustments budgets, will be permitted.
- 7.2 No Virement of which the affect will be to add "new" projects onto the Capital Budget, will be allowed.
- 7.3 Virement may not cause an increase to individual projects' total project cost.

- 7.4 Virement must be between projects of similar funding sources (e.g. EFF ↔ EFF).
- 7.5 Implementation of the project from which funds are virement may not be prejudiced (i.e. must not hinder completion of the project).
- 7.6 Motivations for Virement should clearly state the reason for the saving within the "giving" project, as well as the reason for the additional amount required.
- 7.7 Secondary Capital Cost Elements:
- 7.7.1 Virement are permissible only within the same cost elements of different projects.
- 7.7.2 The service requestor and service provider must endorse such Virement.
- 7.7.3 Proposed secondary capital expenditure Virement must be approved by the Director: Budgets.
- 7.8 Ward Allocations Projects:
- 7.8.1 Only Virement between existing projects approved by Council, within the same sub council, and within the same directorate will be permitted.
- 7.8.2 Virement will only be considered if approved by the relevant sub council (sub council resolution) and supported by the project managers and finance managers of the projects involved (annexure D).
- 7.8.3 Motivations for Virement between projects should clearly state the reason for the saving within the "giving" project, as well as the reason for the additional amount required.

#### 8. PROCESS AND ACCOUNTABILITY

- 8.1 Accountability to ensure that virement application forms are completed in accordance with Council's virement policy and are not in conflict with the directorate's strategic objectives manifests with the head of the relevant directorate.
- 8.2 Completed virement documentation is to be effected by the Director: Budgets.
- 8.3 Virement approved and processed will be reported for information to the Executive Mayor on a quarterly basis.